

DIARRHOEA

Radiation of the pelvic area can cause loose stools or diarrhoea. If this should affect you, please consult a radiotherapist who can advise you on how to adjust your diet and/or medications.

Abdominal pains can occur up to several weeks after completion of the treatment. The mucous membranes inside the rectum can be affected by the radiation. This may lead to itching and discomfort.

URINARY FREQUENCY

The mucous membrane in the bladder will be affected by the radiation. This can cause symptoms similar to those of a urinary tract infection, such as a burning sensation and a frequent need to urinate. Talk to the radiotherapy staff if this becomes a problem.

If you experience side effects or have other questions related to your treatment, you are always welcome to ask the radiotherapy staff. You can also address these issues with your doctor during your scheduled appointments.

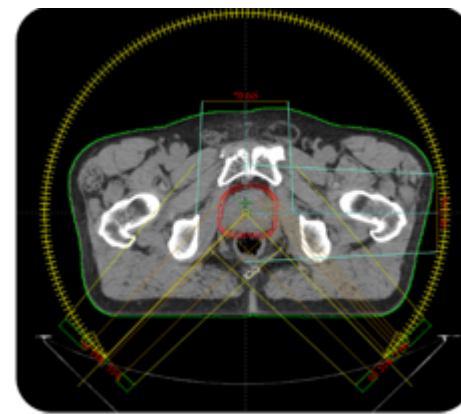
Haukeland University Hospital
Department of Oncology and Medical Physics

www.helse-bergen.no/avd/kreftavdelinga

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English translation: Kari Sørland, RN / Donna Jones, Oncology Nurse

Radiation therapy for prostate cancer



Treatment

Each treatment session lasts for 10 to 20 minutes. The actual radiation only lasts for one to five minutes. You will receive treatment every day, except weekends and public holidays. During the treatment period, the staff will use the treatment machine to take a special type of x-ray images. These images are not used to evaluate the effect of the treatment, but they are an important quality control to ensure that the treatment remains on target.

Bladder and bowel volume during treatment

Changes in bladder and bowel filling will affect the positioning of organs in the pelvic area. A consistency in bladder filling and rectumfilling at each treatment session is important to avoid the prostate to have different position than on CT.

We recommend following routine:

- 1.5 to 2 litres of fluid during every day
- Be active to promote good bowel-peristaltic if possible
- Daily stool is preferred
- If constipation-difficulties, contact treatmentstaff
- Empty your bladder approximately one hour before your scheduled treatment. After this, you should avoid going to the toilet until the treatment session has been completed.

Follow-up during treatment

During the course of treatment, you will be required to take blood samples at regular intervals. . You will also be scheduled for doctor's appointments in the outpatient's clinic (Kreft Poliklinikk). During your appointments with the doctor, you can address any questions you may have regarding your illness and the treatment. If you need prescriptions or a sick leave certificate, please request this during your doctor's appointment. It can be useful to make a list of questions for the doctor prior to the appointment.

Smoking

Research shows that smoking during radiotherapy reduces the effect of the radiation on the tumour. This is probably connected with the fact that the effect of radiotherapy depends on the access

to oxygen in the tissue. Smoking limits oxygenation of the tumour tissue, it is therefore important that you abstain from smoking during the weeks you are undergoing radiotherapy.

If you need further information on smoking and radiotherapy, we recommend that you address this issue with your doctor.

Side effects from radiotherapy

Radiotherapy can cause side effects. Side effects often become apparent one to two weeks into the treatment and will generally subside two to three weeks after completion of the radiotherapy.

Common side effects are:

FATIGUE

Radiotherapy can make you feel faint and tired. Get plenty of rest and fresh air during treatment, and go for walks outside when possible.

If you are in an employment situation, you should be able to work as usual if you feel up to it.

SKIN REACTIONS

There is a possibility that the surface of your skin will become irritated. Signs of redness, tenderness or itching can appear. During the treatmentperiod we recommend that you wash the radiated area with a mild, non-perfumed soap. Do not rub radiated skin, but gently pat the skin dry with a soft towel.